



RPW Consortium Meeting #19

Solar Orbiter Status

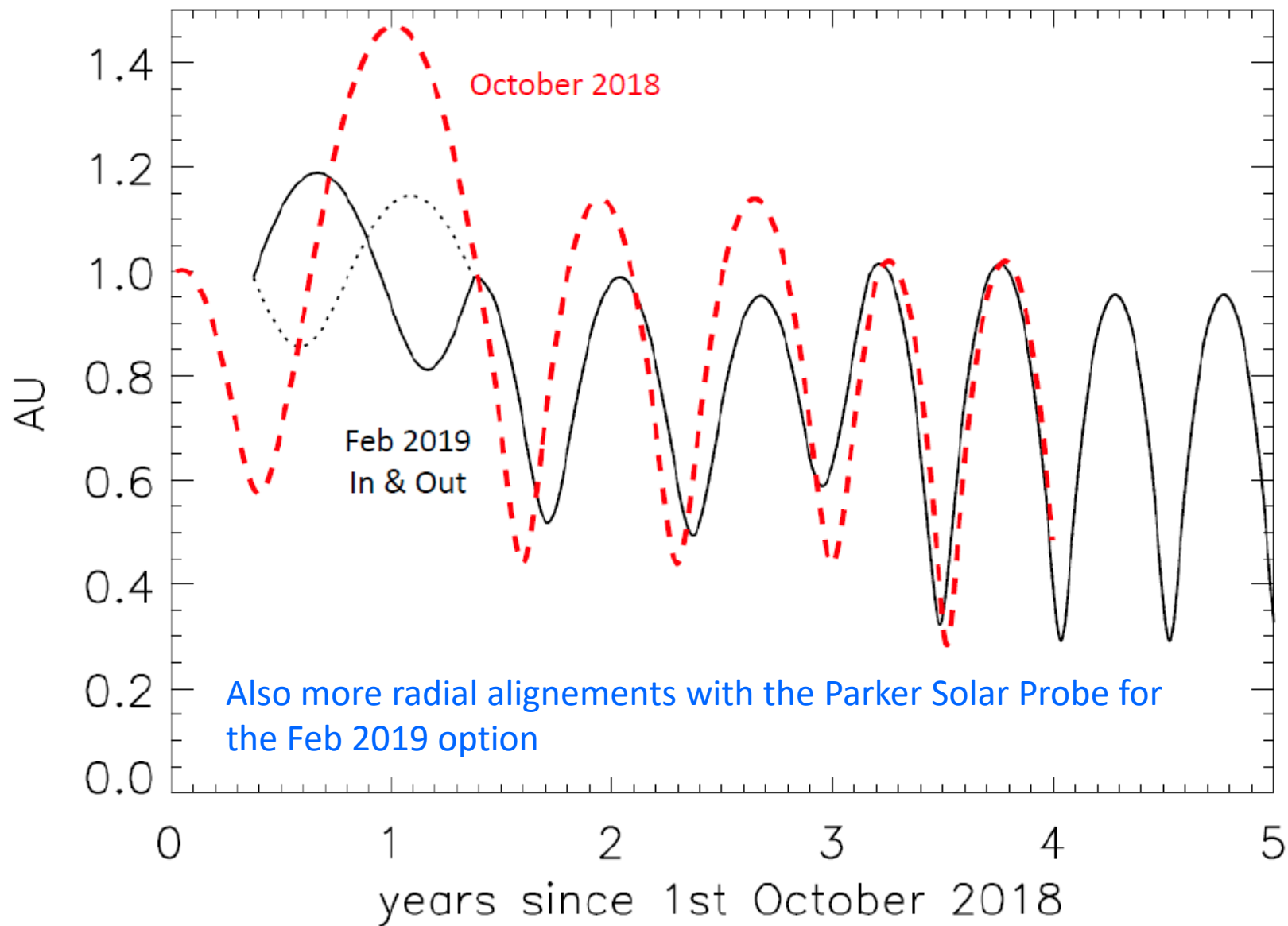
M. Maksimovic

19-21 June 2017,
KTH, Stockholm

- Project redirected for a launch in Feb 2019 but awaits formal NASA confirmation of launcher availability
- NASA's mission analysis confirmed feasibility of launch in February 2019 and February 2020
- Additional launch scenarii are studied by ESOC between these two dates

Parameter	Oct 2018 baseline	Oct 2018 Option E	Feb 2019	Feb 2020
Time from launch to NMP	3.2 yrs	2.3 yrs	2.8 yrs	1.8 yrs
Time to 1 st perih. < 0.3 AU	3.5 yrs	3.5 yrs	3.68 yrs	2.68 yrs
Min perihelion (NMP)	0.28 AU	0.28 AU	0.28 AU	0.28 AU
Max solar inclination (EMP)	33.4°	33.9°	30.2°	33.4°
Time spent < 0.3AU	62 days	71 days	79 days	79 days
Time spent < 0.4AU	321 days	491 days	407 days	463 days
Total potential telemetry*	16432 Gbit	33576 Gbit	30520 Gbit	33400 Gbit
Total duration	9.5 yrs	10.5 yrs	10.7 yrs	10.6 yrs

*Source: SOC document SOL-SGS-TN-0016



Schedule

- ❑ To secure the launch date in February 2019: supporting measures implemented
 - Increased working rhythm as from 1 May 2017
 - Keep industrial milestones in line with launch readiness for October 2018 (considering instrument deliveries as defined in March 2017)
 - Keep schedule contingency of about 3.5 months at ESA
 - Keep clear "last possible" delivery dates for each instrument, with the understanding that instrument might be disembarked if not delivered
- ❑ Detailed schedule had to often adjusted to accommodate "local" delays / implement workarounds at industry and instruments level
- ❑ Current schedule shows some loss of contingency – down to 3 months

ESA UNCLASSIFIED - For Official Use – Ref. SOL-EST-PRS-16840

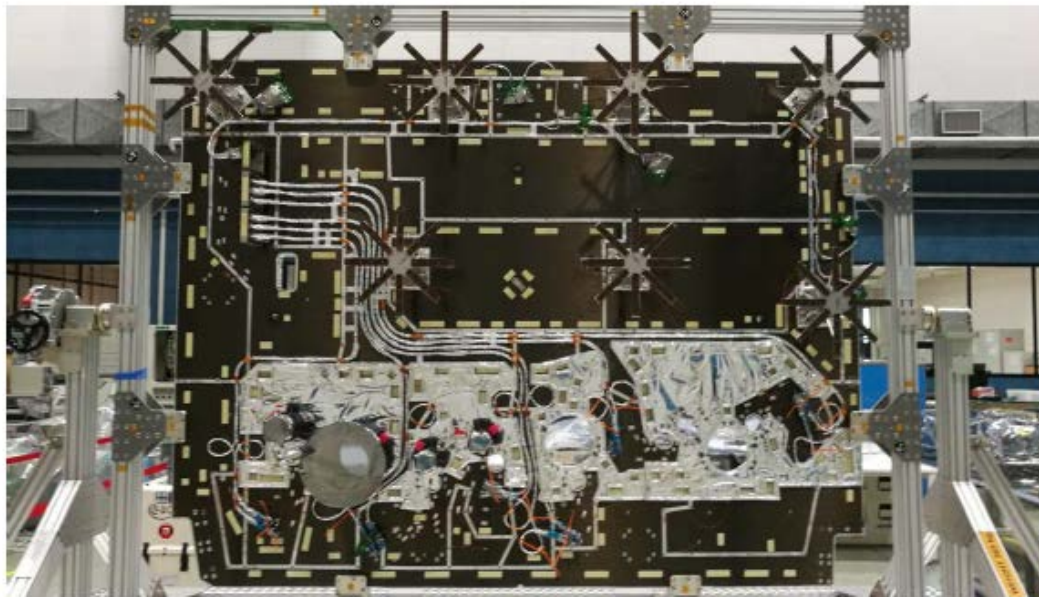
Solo project status | CCR board #10, ESTEC | César García | 14/06/2017 | Slide 19



European Space Agency

- Currently the schedules for all instruments indicate deliveries on (more or less) due time !
- This is the case for RPW (with the associated risks)

Heat-Shield



Heat-shield end May 2017 at IABG (TAS-I)

Solar-Arrays



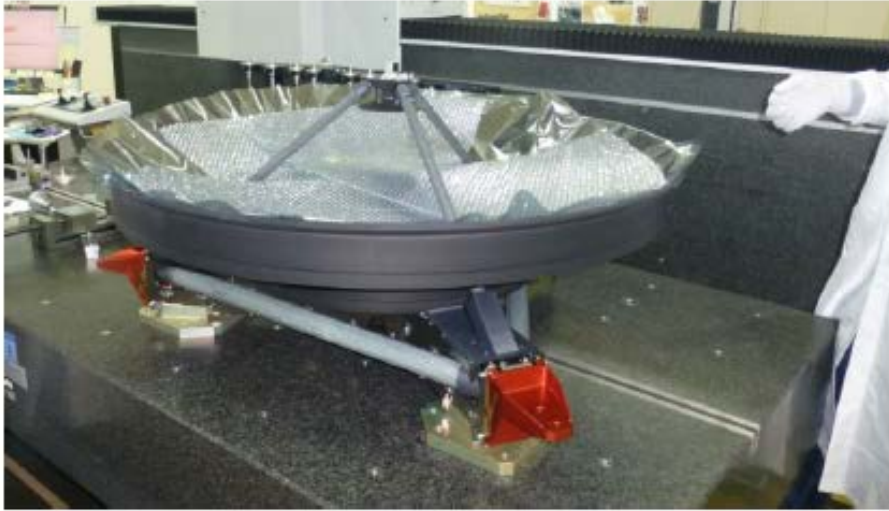
Solar Generator
1st FM Wing
(front)

FM Equipment – Solar Array



Solar Generator
1st FM Wing
(back)

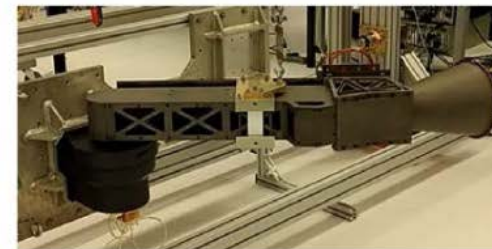
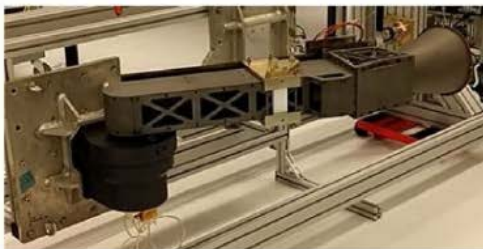
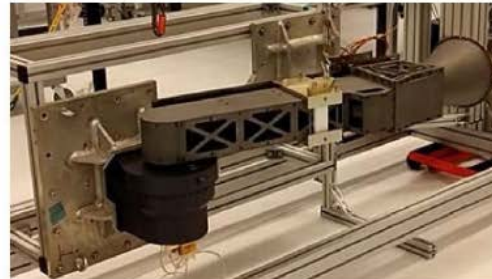
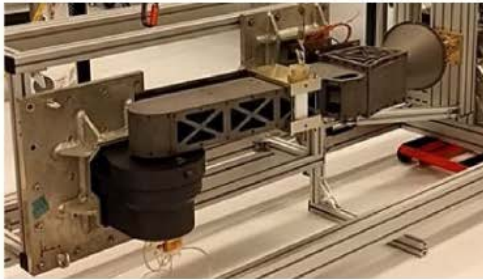
High Gain Antenna



PFM Reflector before 3D metrology (March 2017)



HGA (Sener, 2017)



Medium Gain
Antenna PFM
Deployment

□ Electro Magnetic Cleanliness Working Group

- Characterization activities almost complete for S/C & payload
- The final list of spurious frequencies is being processed
- Largest impact is on TNR-HFR between 100 kHz & 1 MHz (the crystal controlled frequencies could be removed TBC)
- Next important activity are the EMC test at S/C Level (next spring)

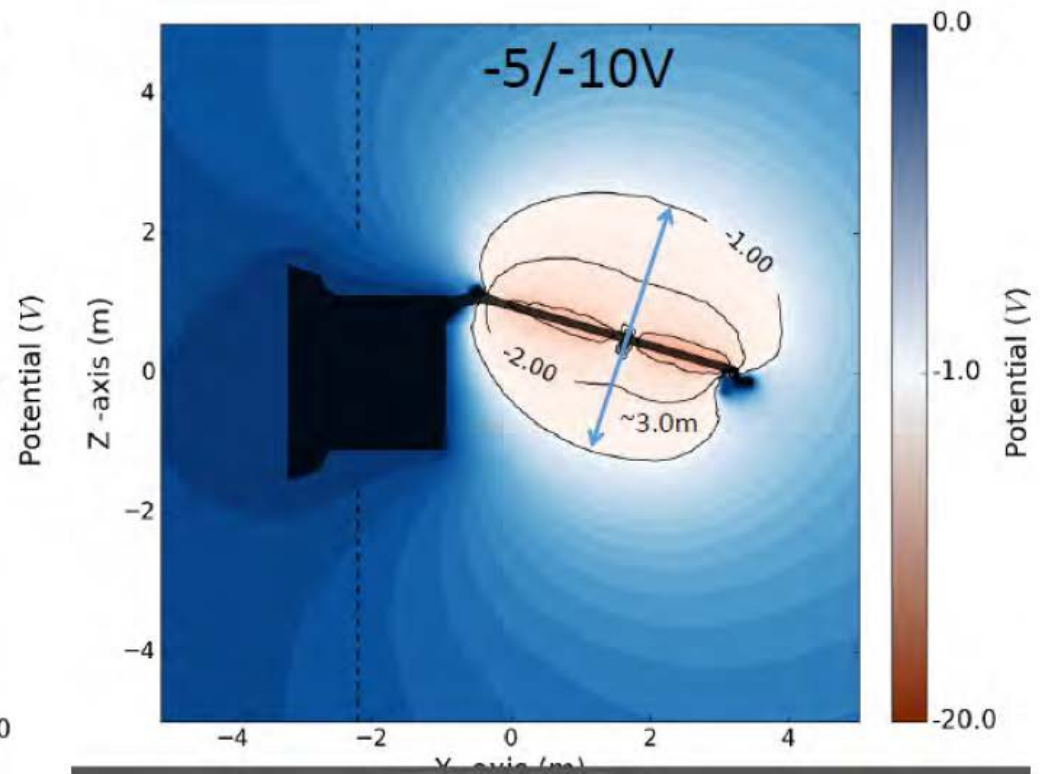
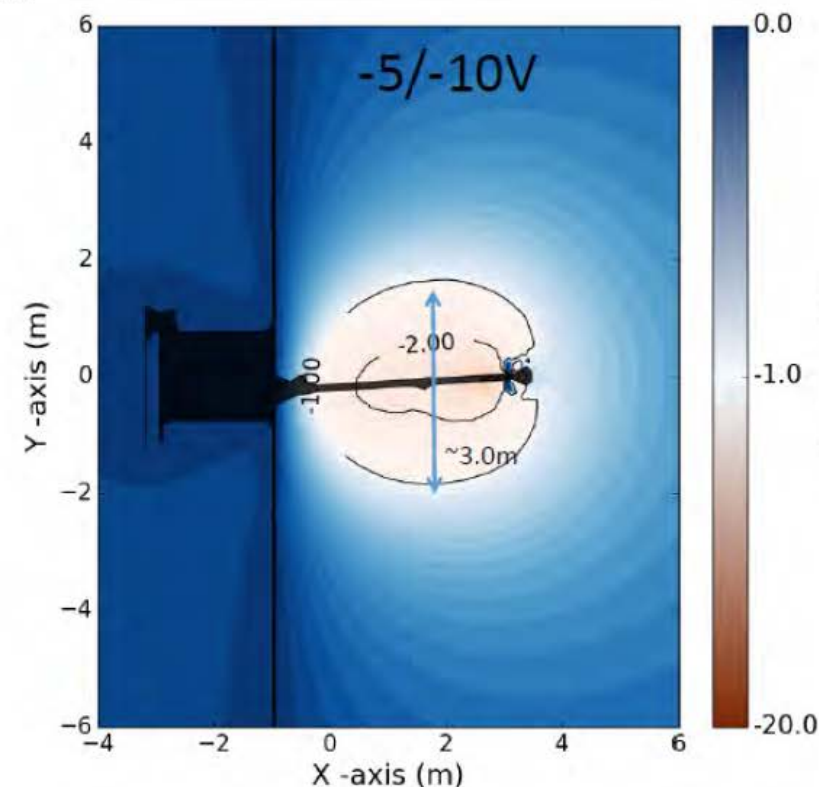
□ Cleanliness & Contamination Working Group (CCWG)

- The control board mandate is being terminated despite the uncompleteness of the contamination activities for the remote sensing instruments
- The CCWG mandate and composition is being discussed (the project wants this WG to be « more efficient » in finding solutions)
- The main remaining issue for RPW is the potential impact of the icing on the instrument boom and creation of a non-conductive layer

Voltage field predictions – Spacecraft at 0V

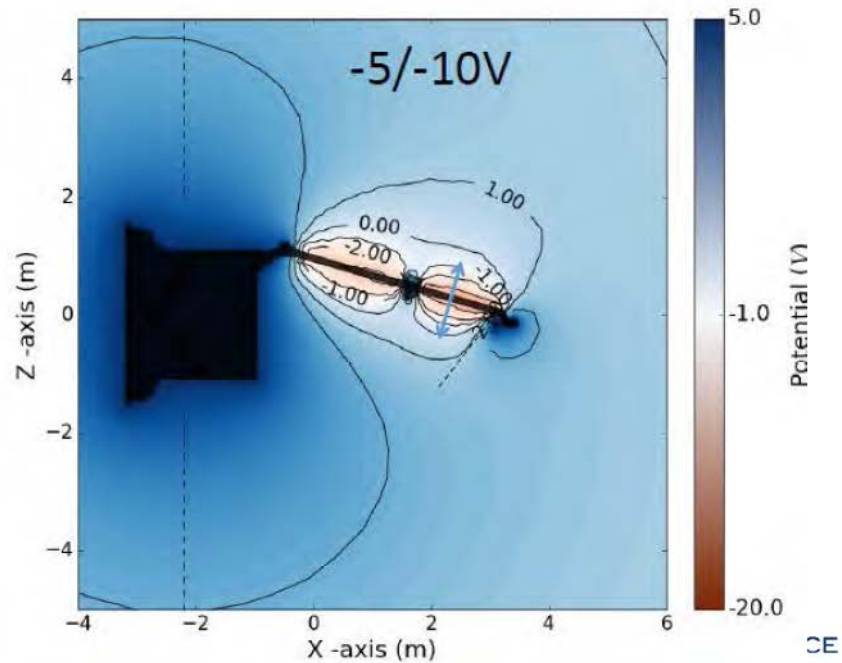
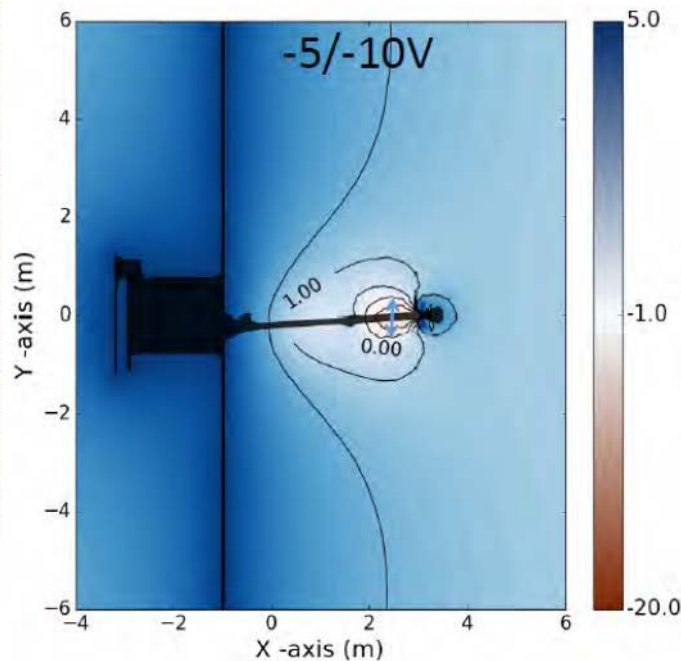
- Conservative case, spacecraft at 0V
- Configuration homogenous -10V on outer boom, -5V on inner boom, covering whole surface
- Close to EAS -10V assumed for bounding simulation, expect more like -5V
 - No impact at RPW
 - 2V contour largely encompassed by baffle or spacecraft FoV limitation in X-Y plane and EAS side of boom in X-Z plane

The communication of its contents to others without express authorization is model or design.



Voltage field predictions – Spacecraft at +5V

- Spacecraft assumed at +5V, per current charge charging predictions
- Configuration homogenous -10V on outer boom, -5V on inner boom, covering whole surface
- Close to EAS -10V assumed for bounding simulation, expect more like -5V
 - No impact at RPW
 - 1V contour very significantly encompassed by baffle or spacecraft FoV limitation in both X-Y plane and X-Z plane



Various manoeuvres are being discussed (including at Vgams)
in order to remove the ice



SOLAR ORBITER



Solar Orbiter Mission Book Table of Contents

(inspired from SOHO, STEREO, Cluster, SDO Mission books & SWT discussions)

- Foreword (TBD Senior Scientist - 2-3 pages)
- Preface (PSs - 2 pages)
- The Solar Orbiter Mission - An Overview (PSs - 30 pages)
 - Introduction
 - Science objectives
 - Coordinated RS+IS science
 - Instrument quick overview
 - Orbits and mission phases
 - Instrument operations (introduction) & instrument data volumes
- The Solar Orbiter spacecraft (ESA Project Team - 30 pages)
 - Spacecraft overview
 - Spacecraft subsystems
 - Instruments accommodation
 - Contamination Control Plan
 - EMC Control Plan



SOLAR ORBITER



Solar Orbiter Mission Book Table of Contents

- Instrument papers (20 or 30 pages each)
 - EPD (Rodríguez-Pacheco et al.)
 - EUI (Rochus et al.)
 - MAG (Horbury et al.)
 - METIS (Antonucci et al.)
 - PHI (Solanki et al.)
 - RPW (Maksimovic et al.)
 - SPICE (“SPICE Consortium” + Alphabetical list of authors)
 - SoloHI (Howard et al.)
 - STIX (Krucker et al.)
 - SWA (Owen et al.)



Solar Orbiter Mission Book Table of Contents

- Coordination between In Situ instruments (ISWG chair: Horbury et al. - 10 pages)
- Coordination between Remote Sensing instruments (RSWG chair: Auchère et al. - 10 pages)
- Coordination with Space (SPP, BepiColombo) and Ground Observatories (Velli, PSs et al. - 20 pages)
- Theoretical modeling for the Solar Orbiter mission (MADAWG chair: Rouillard et al. - 20 pages)
- Solar Orbiter data analysis tools (AMDA, JHelioviewer, SunGlobe, SunPy) (Details to be discussed in MADAWG - 20 pages)
- Solar Orbiter Ground Segment, Science Operations, Data Products and Data Archive (SOC Manager, SOC team, PSs - 20 pages)
- Science Activity Plan (Zouganelis, SOC scientists, PSs, Pls, anyone with a modicum of contribution - 20 pages)

- Aim: book ready for launch and to be published in an open source / low-cost journal (as discussed at SWT-16).
- Astronomy & Astrophysics (agreed at SWT-17).
- Papers to be submitted by 31 december to the Project scientists and by January 2018 to to A&A
- Detailed outline with sections responsables by 15 September
- **Let's have a first discussion on this on Wednesday !**

start time	duration	topic	Presenter
Monday 19 June 2017			
10:00	00:10	Welcome	Vaivads & Karlsson
10:10	02:20	Science session (including coffee break) see https://goo.gl/f3MZxf for the detailed program	
12:30	01:30	<i>Lunch break</i>	
14:00	00:20	Solar Orbiter Status	Maksimovic
14:20	01:00	RPW General status including antennas & MEB	Bellouard, Danto, Chaintreuil
15:20	00:30	System status	Guilhem
15:50	00:00	Antenna Performances in DC/LF	
15:50	00:30	<i>SPIS simulations for RPW</i>	Maksimovic
16:20	00:30	<i>Coffe break</i>	
16:50	00:30	<i>Determination of the DC/LF Efield & S/C potential - lessons learned from Cluster & MMS</i>	Khotyaintsev
17:20	00:00	Antenna Performances in HF	
17:20	00:15	<i>Measurements in free field in July 2017</i>	Guilhem
17:35		<i>end of day 1</i>	